

# **APPENDIX 1:**

# **GANTT CHART**

Table: Gantt chart for Final Year Project I

NO	MONTH	JULY		AUGUST				SEPTEMBER				OCTOBER				NOVEMBER			
		DETAIL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1.	<b>SELECTION OF PROJECT</b>																		
2.	<b>PRELIMINARY PROJECT RESEARCH</b> - Background study of project - Identify problem statement - Identify objectives - Literature review																<b>STUDY WEEK</b>	<b>FINAL EXAMINATION</b>	
3.	<b>PROJECT WORK</b> - Determine ASTM standard - Determine empirical expression - Familiarize with ANSYS - Modeling specimen in ANSYS																		
4.	<b>SUBMISSION</b> - Preliminary report - Progress report - Seminar - Interim report - Oral presentation																		

Table: Gantt chart for Final Year Project II

NO	MONTH	JAN		FEBRUARY					MARCH				APRIL				MAY			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
1.	<b>EVALUATION OF FYP I</b>																			
2.	<b>PROJECT WORK CONTINUE</b> - Design graph of Stress Intensity Factor vs $\frac{a}{w}$ from 0.45 to 0.55 -Design graph of Stress Intensity Factor vs $\frac{w}{B}$ from 2.0 to 4.0																			
3.	<b>ANALYSES</b> - Analyses result and further recommendation of the project																			
4.	<b>SUBMISSION</b> - Progress Report I - Progress Report II - Seminar - Poster Submission - Dissertation (Soft bound) - Oral Presentation - Dissertation (Hardbound)																			

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**APPENDIX 2:**

**PROCEDURE IN USING ANSYS**

**SOFTWARE**

In order to using KCALC command for plane strain analysis. Several steps and procedures must be followed in order to conduct the analysis. The steps are as follows:

## 1. Preprocessing

- a. Give the jobname for the analysis
  - i. Utility menu > File > Change Jobname. Insert jobname
- b. Define element type
  - i. Main Menu > Preprocessor > Element Type > Add/Edit/Delete
  - ii. Select PLANE2 and SOLID95

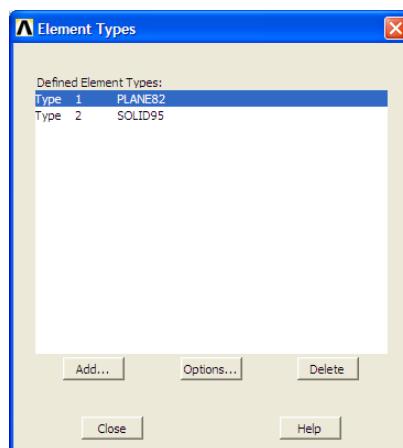


Figure 1.1: Selecting Element Types

- iii. Click Options and select Plane Strain



Figure 1.2: Plane element type options

- c. Define material properties
  - i. **Main Menu > Preprocessor > Material Props > Material Models**
  - ii. **Structural > Linear > Elastic > Isotropic**
  - iii. **Insert the material properties of Young Modulus (EX) and Poisson's Ratio (PRXY)**

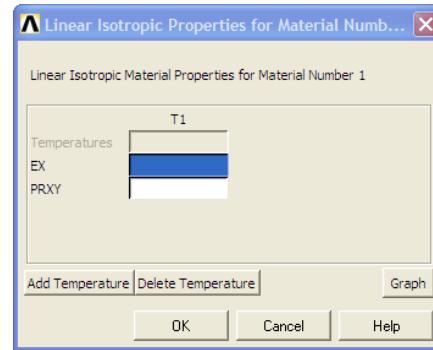


Figure 1.3: Material Properties

- d. Define key points
  - i. **Main Menu > Preprocessor > Modeling > Create > Keypoints > In Active CS**

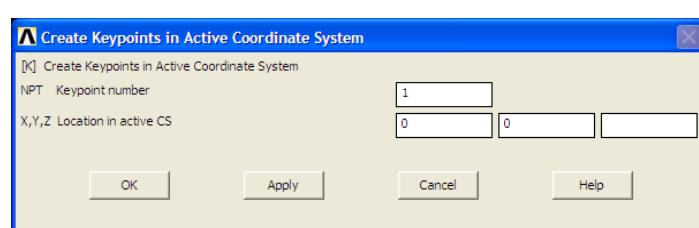


Figure 1.4: Creating key-points by coordinate

- e. Create the Area
  - i. **Main Menu > Preprocessor > Modeling > Create > Areas > Arbitrary > through KP > pick > OK**

- f. Create circle
  - i. **Main Menu > Preprocessor > modeling > create > areas > circle > solid circle**
  - ii. **Insert radius, x and y coordinate**
  - iii. **Main menu > Preprocessor > modeling > operate > Booleans > Subtract > areas > pick all > pick circle**
- g. Meshing the Area
  - i. **Main Menu > Preprocessor > Meshing > Size Cntrs > Concentrated KPs. > create > OK**
  - ii. **Pick crack tip key-point. Fill appropriate value. Click OK**
  - iii. **Main menu > Preprocessor > meshing > manual sizes > lines > pick lines > OK**

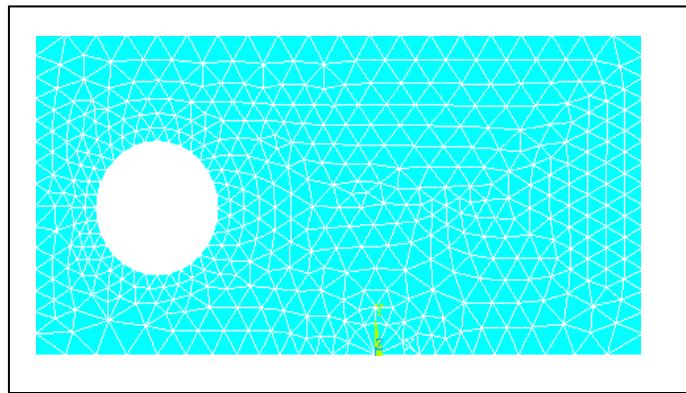


Figure 1.5: Meshed Areas

- i. **Choose every line at the model**
- ii. **Main Menu > Preprocessor > Meshing > Mesh > Areas > Free**
- iii. **Select the area to be meshed. Click OK**

- h. Extrude the model

  - i. **Main Menu > Preprocessor > Modeling > Operate > Extrude > Element Ext Opt**

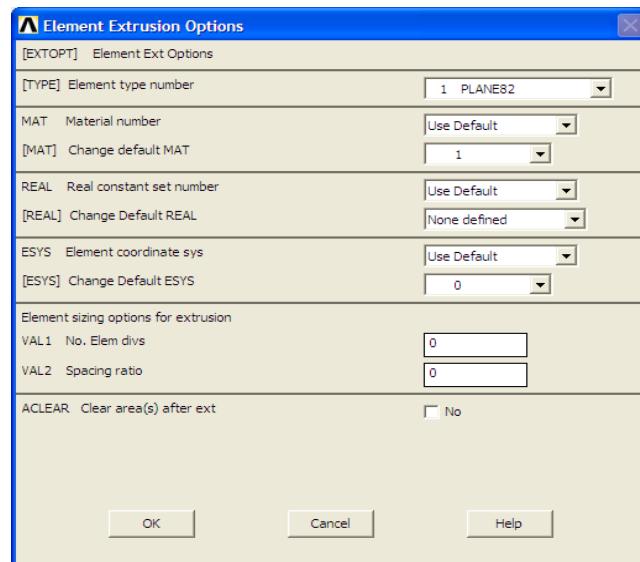


Figure 1.6: Element extrusion option

- ii. **Put No of element division and spacing ratio**
- iii. **Main Menu > Preprocessor > Modeling > Operate > Extrude > Areas > by xyz offset > Ok**
- iv. **Put thickness value. Click OK**

## 2. Solution

- a. Define boundary condition
  - i. **Utility menu > select > select everything > select entities > area > by numpick > apply**

- ii. Main Menu > Solution > Define Loads > Apply > Structural > displacement > symmetry boundary condition > on nodes > pick all
- iii. Insert Y axis = 0 then click OK
- iv. Main menu > Solution > define loads apply > structural > displacement > lines > pick lines > OK
- v. Set DOF = 0
- vi. To see the boundary condition at that line use plot lines

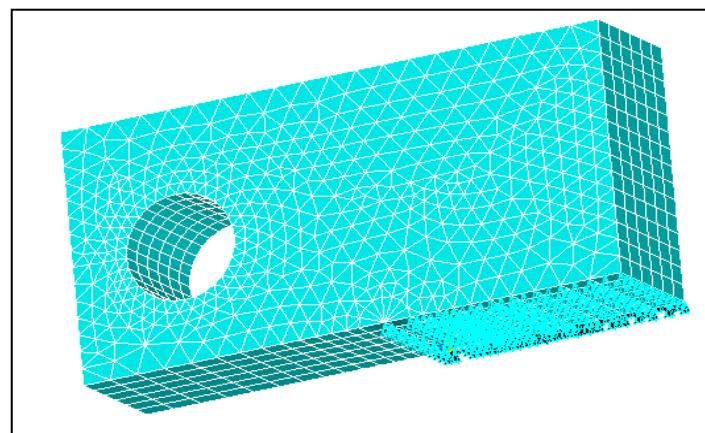


Figure 1.7: Boundary condition on nodes

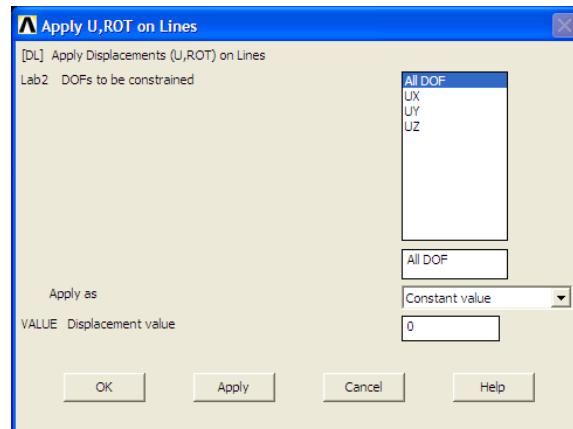


Figure 1.8: Displacement value is set for 0 for all DOF

- b. Define load
  - i. Utility menu > select > select entities > ares > by numpick > apply
  - ii. Choose area at the top of the circle
  - iii. Utility menu > select > select entities > nodes > attached to > area, all > apply
  - iv. Main Menu > Solution > Define Loads > Apply > Structural > Force/Moment >> on nodes > pick all > OK
  - v. Set the applied load equal to applied load divide by the no of nodes

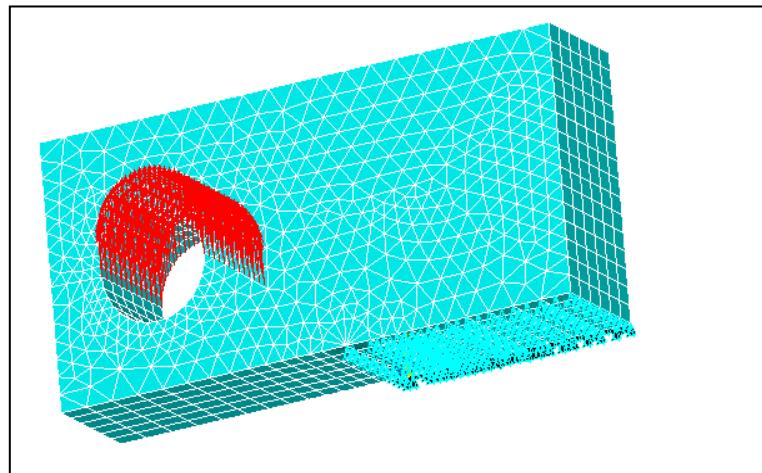


Figure1.9: Applied load to the area selected

- c. Solve

- i. Main menu > solution > solve > Current LS > OK

### 3. General Postprocessor

- a. Plot result

- i. Main menu > General Postproc > Plot result > Contour plot > nodal solution > Von Stress Misses > OK

- b. Define Path

- i. Main menu > General Postproc > Define Path > By nodes
- ii. Select 3 nodes of crack from the crack tip to the direction of crack. Click OK.
- iii. Set Path = K1

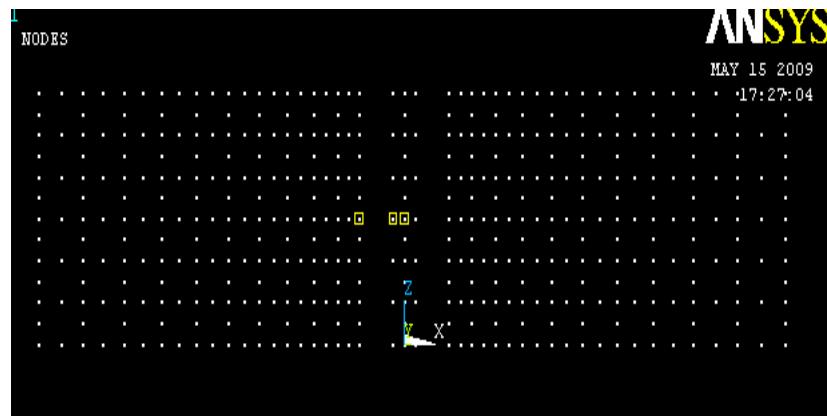


Figure 1.10: Select nodes at crack tip which is in the direction from crack tip to the crack

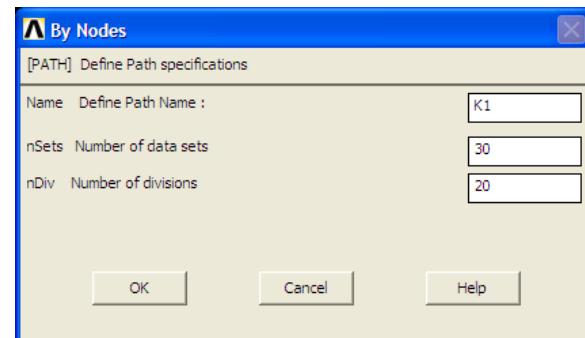
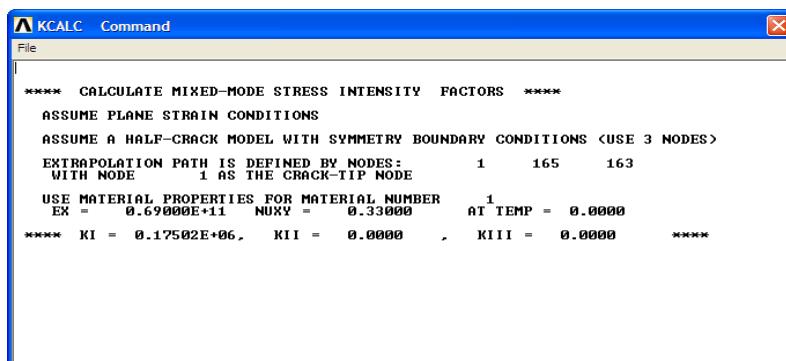


Figure 1.11: Define pathname of the path

- c. Define Stress Intensity Factor, K
  - i. General Postproc > Nodal Calc > Stress Intensity Factor > OK

ii. The result will appear



The screenshot shows a Windows-style application window titled "KCALC Command". The window contains a text area with the following output:

```
***** CALCULATE MIXED-MODE STRESS INTENSITY FACTORS *****
ASSUME PLANE STRAIN CONDITIONS
ASSUME A HALF-CRACK MODEL WITH SYMMETRY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS (USE 3 NODES)
EXTRAPOLATION PATH IS DEFINED BY NODES:
WITH NODE 1 AS THE CRACK-TIP NODE
1       165      163
USE MATERIAL PROPERTIES FOR MATERIAL NUMBER 1
EY = 0.69000E+11  NUXY = 0.33000  AT TEMP = 0.0000
***** KI = 0.17502E+06,   KII = 0.0000 ,   KIII = 0.0000 ****
```

Figure 1.12: Stress intensity factor KCALC results

**APPENDIX 3:**

**RESULT FOR EMPIRICAL  
CALCULATION AND  
NUMERICAL METHOD**

**Table 4.1: K value for  $\frac{a}{w}$  ratio from 0.45 to 0.49 for empirical method**

W/B	B (m)	0.45	0.46	0.47	0.48	0.49
2.00	0.0250	1.4919	1.5348	1.5796	1.6261	1.6762
2.10	0.0238	1.5665	1.6116	1.6585	1.7074	1.7600
2.20	0.0227	1.6411	1.6883	1.7375	1.7887	1.8438
2.30	0.0217	1.7157	1.7651	1.8165	1.8700	1.9276
2.40	0.0208	1.7903	1.8418	1.8955	1.9513	2.0114
2.50	0.0200	1.8649	1.9185	1.9744	2.0326	2.0952
2.60	0.0192	1.9395	1.9953	2.0534	2.1139	2.1790
2.70	0.0185	2.0141	2.0720	2.1324	2.1952	2.2628
2.80	0.0179	2.0887	2.1488	2.2114	2.2765	2.3466
2.90	0.0172	2.1633	2.2255	2.2904	2.3578	2.4304
3.00	0.0167	2.2379	2.3023	2.3693	2.4391	2.5142
3.10	0.0161	2.3125	2.3790	2.4483	2.5204	2.5980
3.20	0.0156	2.3870	2.4557	2.5273	2.6017	2.6819
3.30	0.0152	2.4616	2.5325	2.6063	2.6830	2.7657
3.40	0.0147	2.5362	2.6092	2.6852	2.7643	2.8495
3.50	0.0143	2.6108	2.6860	2.7642	2.8456	2.9333
3.60	0.0139	2.6854	2.7627	2.8432	2.9269	3.0171
3.70	0.0135	2.7600	2.8394	2.9222	3.0082	3.1009
3.80	0.0132	2.8346	2.9162	3.0012	3.0895	3.1847
3.90	0.0128	2.9092	2.9929	3.0801	3.1708	3.2685
4.00	0.0125	2.9838	3.0697	3.1591	3.2521	3.3523

**Table 4.2: K value for  $\frac{a}{W}$  ratio from 0.45 to 0.49 for numerical method**

B	W/B	0.45	0.46	0.47	0.48	0.49
0.0250	2.00	1.6210	1.6670	1.7150	1.7650	1.8176
0.0238	2.10	1.7027	1.7505	1.8006	1.8531	1.9083
0.0227	2.20	1.7836	1.8337	1.8862	1.9444	1.9992
0.0217	2.30	1.8644	1.9168	1.9717	2.0290	2.0899
0.0208	2.40	1.9452	1.9999	2.0573	2.1174	2.1807
0.0200	2.50	2.0259	2.0829	2.1427	2.2054	2.2713
0.0192	2.60	2.1067	2.1660	2.2282	2.2934	2.3620
0.0185	2.70	2.1874	2.2490	2.3136	2.3814	2.4526
0.0179	2.80	2.2682	2.3321	2.3991	2.4694	2.5433
0.0172	2.90	2.3489	2.4152	2.4846	2.5574	2.6340
0.0167	3.00	2.4296	2.4976	2.5694	2.6448	2.7240
0.0161	3.10	2.5103	2.5811	2.6554	2.7333	2.8152
0.0156	3.20	2.5910	2.6641	2.7408	2.8212	2.9058
0.0152	3.30	2.6716	2.7470	2.8261	2.9090	2.9963
0.0147	3.40	2.7523	2.8300	2.9115	2.9970	3.0869
0.0143	3.50	2.8330	2.9130	2.9969	3.0849	3.1775
0.0139	3.60	2.9137	2.9960	3.0823	3.1756	3.2681
0.0135	3.70	2.9943	3.0789	3.1676	3.2607	3.3586
0.0132	3.80	3.0751	3.1620	3.2531	3.3488	3.4493
0.0128	3.90	3.1557	3.2449	3.3385	3.4388	3.5398
0.0125	4.00	3.2366	3.3281	3.4240	3.5247	3.6306

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{a}{w}$  ratio from 0.50 to 0.55 for empirical method

B (m)	w/b	0.50	0.51	0.52	0.53	0.54	0.55
0.0250	2.00	1.7280	1.7817	1.8407	1.9016	1.9642	2.0321
0.0238	2.10	1.8144	1.8708	1.9328	1.9966	2.0624	2.1337
0.0227	2.20	1.9008	1.9599	2.0248	2.0917	2.1606	2.2354
0.0217	2.30	1.9872	2.0490	2.1168	2.1868	2.2588	2.3370
0.0208	2.40	2.0736	2.1380	2.2089	2.2819	2.3570	2.4386
0.0200	2.50	2.1600	2.2271	2.3009	2.3769	2.4552	2.5402
0.0192	2.60	2.2464	2.3162	2.3930	2.4720	2.5534	2.6418
0.0185	2.70	2.3328	2.4053	2.4850	2.5671	2.6516	2.7434
0.0179	2.80	2.4192	2.4944	2.5770	2.6622	2.7498	2.8450
0.0172	2.90	2.5056	2.5835	2.6691	2.7573	2.8480	2.9466
0.0167	3.00	2.5920	2.6725	2.7611	2.8523	2.9462	3.0482
0.0161	3.10	2.6785	2.7616	2.8531	2.9474	3.0445	3.1498
0.0156	3.20	2.7649	2.8507	2.9452	3.0425	3.1427	3.2514
0.0152	3.30	2.8513	2.9398	3.0372	3.1376	3.2409	3.3530
0.0147	3.40	2.9377	3.0289	3.1292	3.2326	3.3391	3.4546
0.0143	3.50	3.0241	3.1180	3.2213	3.3277	3.4373	3.5562
0.0139	3.60	3.1105	3.2071	3.3133	3.4228	3.5355	3.6578
0.0135	3.70	3.1969	3.2961	3.4054	3.5179	3.6337	3.7595
0.0132	3.80	3.2833	3.3852	3.4974	3.6129	3.7319	3.8611
0.0128	3.90	3.3697	3.4743	3.5894	3.7080	3.8301	3.9627
0.0125	4.00	3.4561	3.5634	3.6815	3.8031	3.9283	4.0643

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{a}{w}$  ratio from 0.50 to 0.55 for numerical method

B (m)	w/b	0.5	0.51	0.52	0.53	0.54	0.55
0.0250	2	1.8728	1.9311	1.9925	2.0574	2.1259	2.1987
0.0238	2.1	1.9664	2.0276	2.0922	2.1604	2.2324	2.309
0.0227	2.2	2.0601	2.1243	2.1919	2.2635	2.339	2.4193
0.0217	2.3	2.1536	2.2208	2.2916	2.3665	2.4455	2.5295
0.0208	2.4	2.2472	2.3173	2.3913	2.4695	2.552	2.6397
0.0200	2.5	2.3407	2.4138	2.4908	2.5724	2.6584	2.7499
0.0192	2.6	2.4341	2.5102	2.5904	2.6752	2.7648	2.86
0.0185	2.7	2.5276	2.6066	2.6899	2.7781	2.8712	2.9701
0.0179	2.8	2.6211	2.7031	2.7896	2.881	2.9776	3.0803
0.0172	2.9	2.7146	2.7995	2.8891	2.9839	3.084	3.1904
0.0167	3	2.8074	2.8953	2.988	3.0861	3.1896	3.2997
0.0161	3.1	2.9013	2.9922	3.0881	3.1895	3.2966	3.4104
0.0156	3.2	2.9947	3.0886	3.1876	3.2923	3.4029	3.5204
0.0152	3.3	3.088	3.1848	3.2869	3.395	3.509	3.6303
0.0147	3.4	3.1815	3.281	3.3865	3.4978	3.6154	3.7404
0.0143	3.5	3.2748	3.3775	3.4859	3.6006	3.7216	3.8503
0.0139	3.6	3.3683	3.4739	3.5854	3.7034	3.8279	3.9603
0.0135	3.7	3.4739	3.5702	3.6864	3.806	3.9341	4.0702
0.0132	3.8	3.5551	3.6666	3.7844	3.9089	4.0405	4.1803
0.0128	3.9	3.6484	3.7629	3.8838	4.0116	4.1467	4.2902
0.0125	4	3.7419	3.8594	3.9834	4.1146	4.2531	4.4004

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{b}{w}$  ratio from 2.0 to 2.4 for empirical method

a/w	A (m)	2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
0.45	0.0225	1.492	1.566	1.641	1.716	1.790
0.46	0.023	1.535	1.612	1.688	1.765	1.842
0.47	0.0235	1.580	1.659	1.738	1.816	1.895
0.48	0.0240	1.626	1.707	1.789	1.870	1.951
0.49	0.0245	1.676	1.760	1.844	1.928	2.011
0.50	0.025	1.728	1.814	1.901	1.987	2.074
0.51	0.0255	1.782	1.871	1.960	2.049	2.138
0.52	0.0260	1.841	1.933	2.025	2.117	2.209
0.53	0.0265	1.902	1.997	2.092	2.187	2.282
0.54	0.027	1.964	2.062	2.161	2.259	2.357
0.55	0.0275	2.032	2.134	2.235	2.337	2.439

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{B}{w}$  ratio from 2.0 to 2.4 for numerical method

a/w	A (m)	2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
0.45	0.0225	1.621	1.703	1.784	1.864	1.945
0.46	0.0230	1.667	1.751	1.834	1.917	2.000
0.47	0.0235	1.715	1.801	1.886	1.972	2.057
0.48	0.0240	1.765	1.853	1.944	2.029	2.117
0.49	0.0245	1.818	1.908	1.999	2.090	2.181
0.50	0.025	1.873	1.966	2.060	2.154	2.247
0.51	0.0255	1.931	2.028	2.124	2.221	2.317

0.52	0.0260	1.993	2.092	2.192	2.292	2.391
0.53	0.0265	2.057	2.160	2.264	2.367	2.470
0.54	0.027	2.126	2.232	2.339	2.446	2.552
0.55	0.0275	2.199	2.309	2.419	2.530	2.640

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{B}{W}$  ratio from 2.5 to 2.9 for empirical method

a/w	A (m)	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9
0.45	0.0225	1.865	1.939	2.014	2.089	2.163
0.46	0.023	1.919	1.995	2.072	2.149	2.226
0.47	0.0235	1.974	2.053	2.132	2.211	2.290
0.48	0.0240	2.033	2.114	2.195	2.276	2.358
0.49	0.0245	2.095	2.179	2.263	2.347	2.430
0.50	0.025	2.160	2.246	2.333	2.419	2.506
0.51	0.0255	2.227	2.316	2.405	2.494	2.583
0.52	0.0260	2.301	2.393	2.485	2.577	2.669
0.53	0.0265	2.377	2.472	2.567	2.662	2.757
0.54	0.027	2.455	2.553	2.652	2.750	2.848
0.55	0.0275	2.540	2.642	2.743	2.845	2.947

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{B}{W}$  ratio from 2.5 to 2.9 for numerical method

a/w	A (m)	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9
0.45	0.0225	2.026	2.107	2.187	2.268	2.349
0.46	0.023	2.083	2.166	2.249	2.332	2.415
0.47	0.0235	2.143	2.228	2.314	2.399	2.485
0.48	0.024	2.205	2.293	2.381	2.469	2.557
0.49	0.0245	2.271	2.362	2.453	2.543	2.634
0.50	0.025	2.341	2.434	2.528	2.621	2.715
0.51	0.0255	2.414	2.510	2.607	2.703	2.800
0.52	0.026	2.491	2.590	2.690	2.790	2.889
0.53	0.0265	2.572	2.675	2.778	2.881	2.984
0.54	0.027	2.658	2.765	2.871	2.978	3.084
0.55	0.0275	2.750	2.860	2.970	3.080	3.190

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{B}{W}$  ratio from 3.0 to 3.4 for empirical method

a/w	A (m)	3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4
0.45	0.0225	2.238	2.312	2.387	2.462	2.536
0.46	0.023	2.302	2.379	2.456	2.532	2.609
0.47	0.0235	2.369	2.448	2.527	2.606	2.685
0.48	0.024	2.439	2.520	2.602	2.683	2.764
0.49	0.0245	2.514	2.598	2.682	2.766	2.849
0.50	0.025	2.592	2.678	2.765	2.851	2.938

0.51	0.0255	2.673	2.762	2.851	2.940	3.029
0.52	0.026	2.761	2.853	2.945	3.037	3.129
0.53	0.0265	2.852	2.947	3.042	3.138	3.233
0.54	0.027	2.946	3.044	3.143	3.241	3.339
0.55	0.0275	3.048	3.150	3.251	3.353	3.455

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{b}{w}$  ratio from 3.0 to 3.4 for numerical method

a/w	a	3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4
0.45	0.0225	2.4296	2.5103	2.5910	2.6716	2.7523
0.46	0.0230	2.4976	2.5811	2.6641	2.7470	2.8300
0.47	0.0235	2.5694	2.6554	2.7408	2.8261	2.9115
0.48	0.0240	2.6448	2.7333	2.8212	2.9090	2.9970
0.49	0.0245	2.7240	2.8152	2.9058	2.9963	3.0869
0.50	0.0250	2.8074	2.9013	2.9947	3.0880	3.1815
0.51	0.0255	2.8953	2.9922	3.0886	3.1848	3.2810
0.52	0.0260	2.9880	3.0881	3.1876	3.2869	3.3865
0.53	0.0265	3.0861	3.1895	3.2923	3.3950	3.4978
0.54	0.0270	3.1896	3.2966	3.4029	3.5090	3.6154
0.55	0.0275	3.2997	3.4104	3.5204	3.6303	3.7404

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{B}{W}$  ratio from 3.5 to 4.0 for empirical method

a/w	A (m)	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0
0.45	0.0225	2.6108	2.6854	2.7600	2.8346	2.9092	2.9838
0.46	0.0230	2.6860	2.7627	2.8394	2.9162	2.9929	3.0697
0.47	0.0235	2.7642	2.8432	2.9222	3.0012	3.0801	3.1591
0.48	0.0240	2.8456	2.9269	3.0082	3.0895	3.1708	3.2521
0.49	0.0245	2.9333	3.0171	3.1009	3.1847	3.2685	3.3523
0.50	0.0250	3.0241	3.1105	3.1969	3.2833	3.3697	3.4561
0.51	0.0255	3.1180	3.2071	3.2961	3.3852	3.4743	3.5634
0.52	0.0260	3.2213	3.3133	3.4054	3.4974	3.5894	3.6815
0.53	0.0265	3.3277	3.4228	3.5179	3.6129	3.7080	3.8031
0.54	0.0270	3.4373	3.5355	3.6337	3.7319	3.8301	3.9263
0.55	0.0275	3.5562	3.6578	3.7595	3.8611	3.9627	4.0643

Table:  $K_I$  value for  $\frac{B}{W}$  ratio from 3.5 to 4.0 for numerical method

a/w	A (m)	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4
0.45	0.0225	2.8330	2.9137	2.9944	3.0751	3.1557	3.2366
0.46	0.0230	2.9130	2.9960	3.0789	3.1620	3.2449	3.3281
0.47	0.0235	2.9969	3.0823	3.1676	3.2531	3.3385	3.4240
0.48	0.0240	3.0849	3.1756	3.2607	3.3488	3.4366	3.5247
0.49	0.0245	3.1775	3.2681	3.3586	3.4493	3.5398	3.6306
0.50	0.0250	3.2748	3.3683	3.4616	3.5551	3.6484	3.7419

0.51	0.0255	3.3775	3.4739	3.5702	3.6666	3.7629	3.8594
0.52	0.0260	3.4859	3.5854	3.6848	3.7844	3.8838	3.9834
0.53	0.0265	3.6006	3.7034	3.8060	3.9089	4.0116	4.1146
0.54	0.0270	3.7216	3.8279	3.9341	4.0405	4.1467	4.2531
0.55	0.0275	3.8503	3.9603	4.0702	4.1803	4.2902	4.4004