

CHAPTER 5

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 CONCLUSION

The following conclusions could be drawn from the study conducted:

- a) Multistage Centrifugal Pumps are the type of injection pumps suitable for high pressure and high flow rate reservoirs due to their reliability and low maintenance cost as compared to the Positive displacement reciprocating pumps.

- b) Pressure Maintenance is achieved with the Line Drive water Injection Pattern used in this project. This process might be improved by combining with other patterns of injection and by considering not injecting only water but also injecting miscible gas.

- c) The Wells borehole pressure is improved when injecting equal number of water injection wells and producers. The ratio between the injected water and the Oil produced is about two ($I/P = 2$ STB) barrels of water per 1STB of oil produced, which is not typical for line drive injection pattern.

5.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

- a) Combining Line drive injection with staggered injection should be analyzed.
- b) Further studies on the use of the Simulation software is required to better use and interpretation of the results obtained for each simulation work.

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APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: PUMPS SEGMENT Matrix by SULZER Pumps [9]

Product Types		Oil & Gas	Hydrocarbon Processing	Pulp & Paper	Power Generation	Water & Wastewater & Fertilizers	Food, Metals
Single Stage Pumps	AHLSTAR™ A Series		•	•	•	•	•
	AHLSTAR™ N Series		•	•			•
	AHLSTAR™ W Series		•	•	•		•
	AHLSTAR™ E Series		•	•	•		•
	CPT		•	•	•		•
	Z Series		•	•	•	•	•
	OHV/OHHL	•	•				
	OHM/OHC	•	•				
	BBS	•	•				
	HLTE		•				
	HZB				•		
Two Stage Pumps	BBT/BBT-D		•				
	LSP/LST			•			
Barrel Pumps	GSG	•	•		•		•
	HPT				•		
	HPcp/HPcpV	•					
	CP	•	•		•		
	MPP	•					
Ring Section Pumps	M Series			•	•	•	•
	HPP/HPT			•	•	•	•
	HPH/HPL					•	•
	TUP					•	
Axial Split Pumps	MSD	•	•		•		
	SM/SMN/SMH Series	•	•	•	•	•	•
	HSB	•	•				
	ZPP			•	•		
	HPDM	•				•	
Vertical Pumps	AHLSTAR™ NVP/NVT		•	•	•	•	•
	AHLSTAR™ NKP/T, WKP/T			•			•
	B Series	•	•		•	•	
	JD	•	•	•	•	•	•
	JF	•	•	•	•	•	•
	JM		•	•	•	•	•
	JP		•	•	•	•	•
	JS	•	•	•	•	•	•
	JT	•	•	•	•	•	•
	OHV	•	•				
	VCR	•	•				
	TTMCM		•				
	APV/NPV				•	•	
MC® Products	MC® Pumping System			•			
	AHLMIX™ Chemical Mixer			•			
	MC® Discharge Scraper			•			
	MC® Flow Discharger			•			
Agitators	SALOMIX® SL/ST			•			•
	SALOMIX® L Series			•			•
	SALOMIX® TES, VULCA			•			
Service	Service products available for all segments.						

APPENDIX B: DIFFERENT TYPES OF INJECTION PUMPS

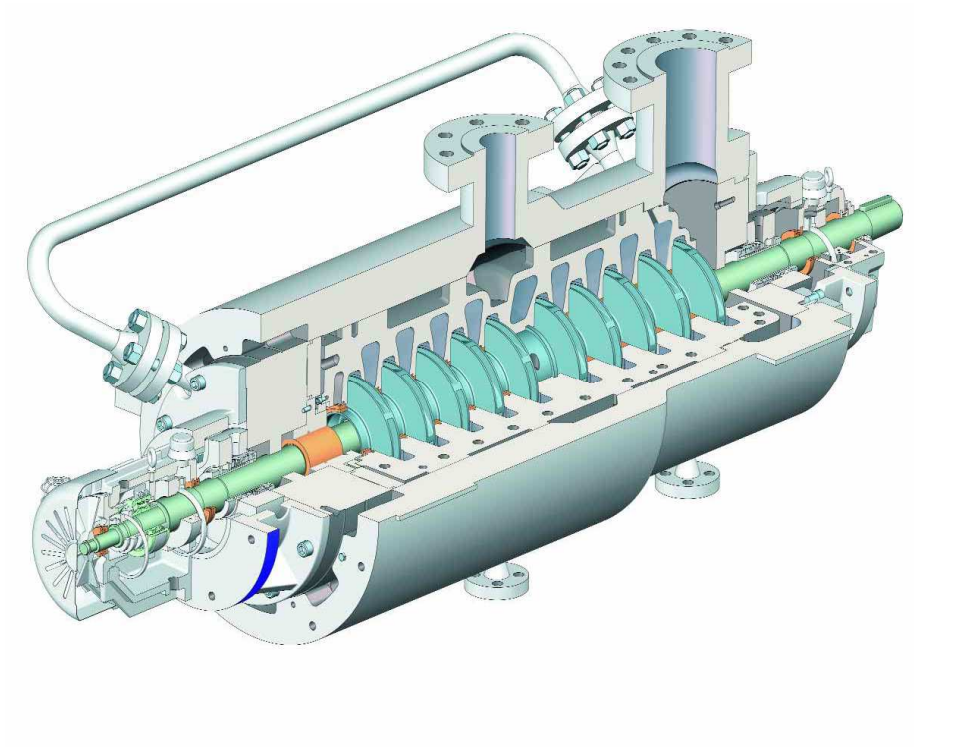


Figure B1: CP Horizontal Double Casing Radially Split Multistage Pump [9]

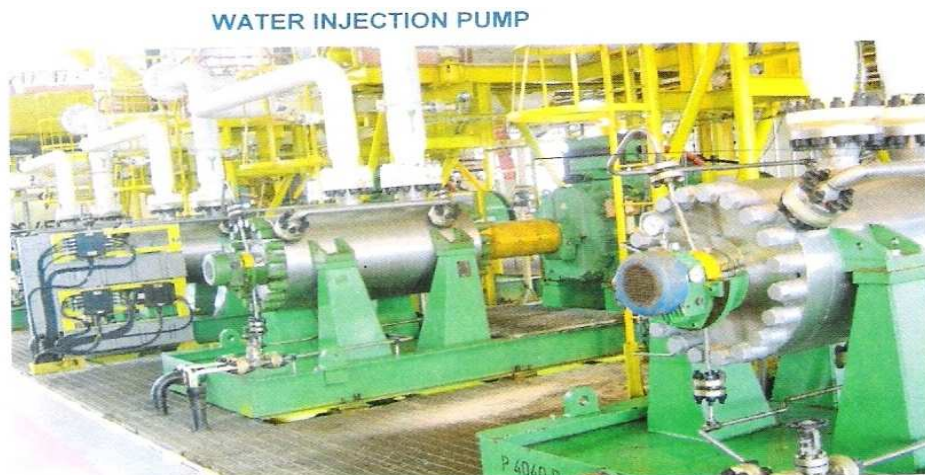


Figure B2: CP horizontal Pumps used in Angsi Field, Malaysia [19]

APPENDIX C: GELAMA MERAH RESERVOIR PVT PROPERTIES

Table C: Gelama Merah Reservoir Model PVT Properties

Parameter	Unit	Description
Gas oil Contact (GOC) depth	Feet (ft)	4815.945
Water Oil Contact(WOC) depth	Feet	4948.163
Reservoir Thickness	Feet	132.218
Maximum Reservoir Pressure	psi	2200
Number of cells	----	53x44x104
permeability	md	20-200 (average)
Live Oil Properties		
Oil Density	lb /cu ft	51.85
Oil Viscosity	Centipoises (cp)	2.938
Oil Saturation, So	Percentage (%)	0.37328 Or 37.328 %
Oil Volume Factor, Bo	Rb/STB	1.15
Specific Gravity	(Oil density/Water Density)	0.83
API Gravity	Degree API	38.87
Dry Gas Properties		
Gas density	lb/cu ft	0.0522
Gas Saturation, Sg	Percentage (%)	0.56 or 56.0%
Gas viscosity	cp	0.0266
Water Properties		
Water Volume Factor, Bw	Rb/STB	1.0
Pressure at Water level	psi	(1874 to 21116.463)
Water Viscosity	Centipoises (cp)	3.561e-006
Water Density	lb/cu ft	62.43
Water Saturation	Percentage (%)	0.18664 or 18.6%
Reservoir Rock Properties		
Average Pressure,	Psia	1874
Porosity	%	20

APPENDIX D: 3D Views of the Simulation Work

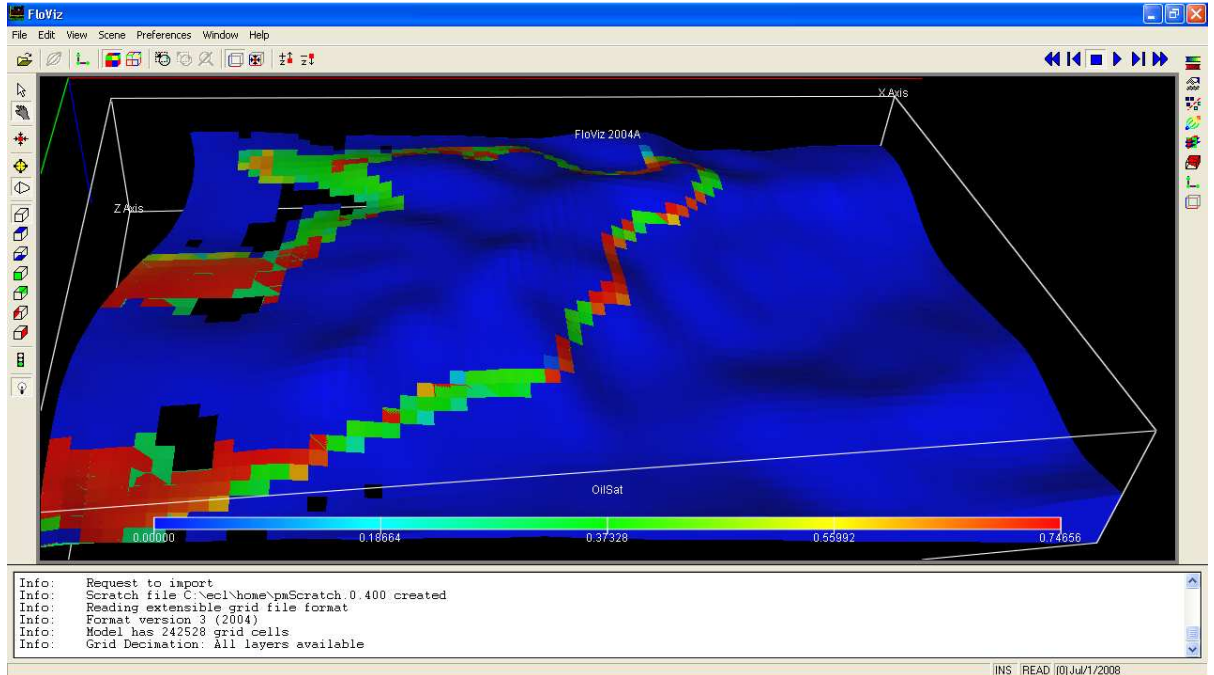


Figure D1: Top View of the Reservoir Model Before well designs

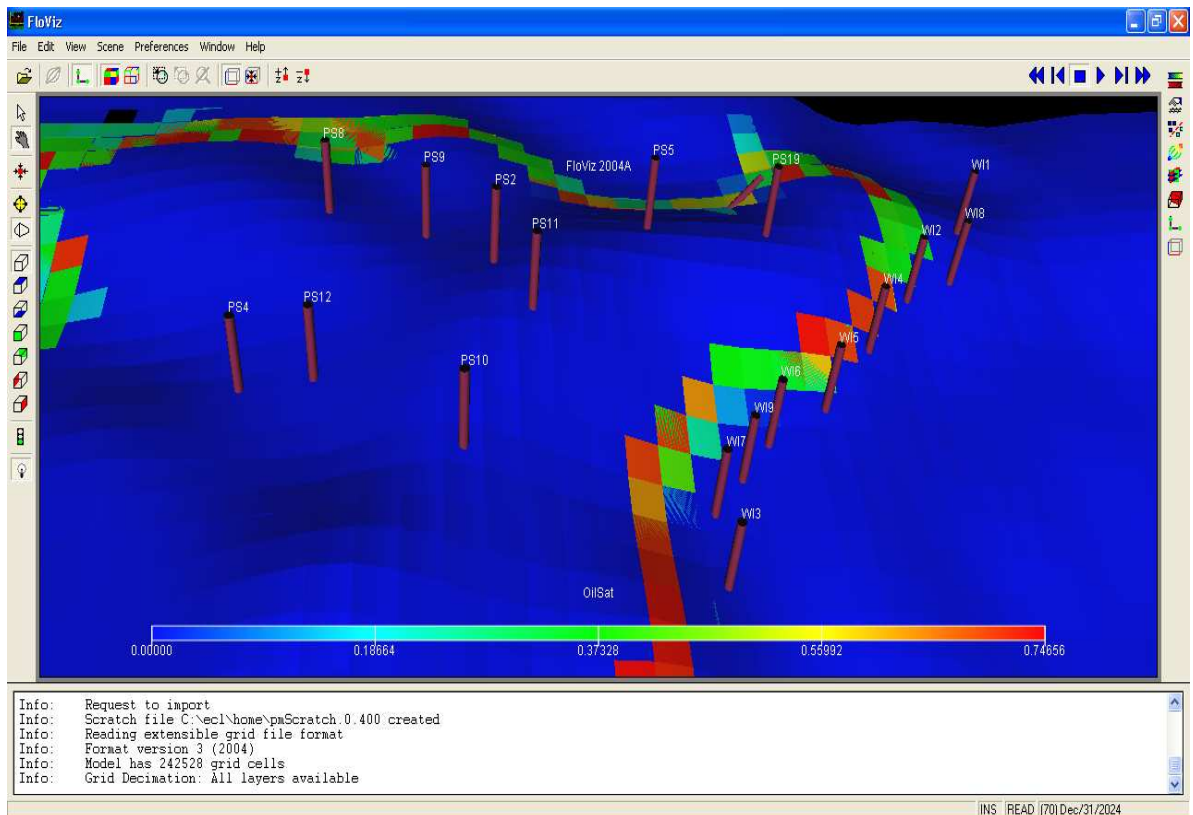


Figure D2: Top view Of the Reservoir Model after wells design

APPENDIX D: 3D Views of the Simulation Work (continue)

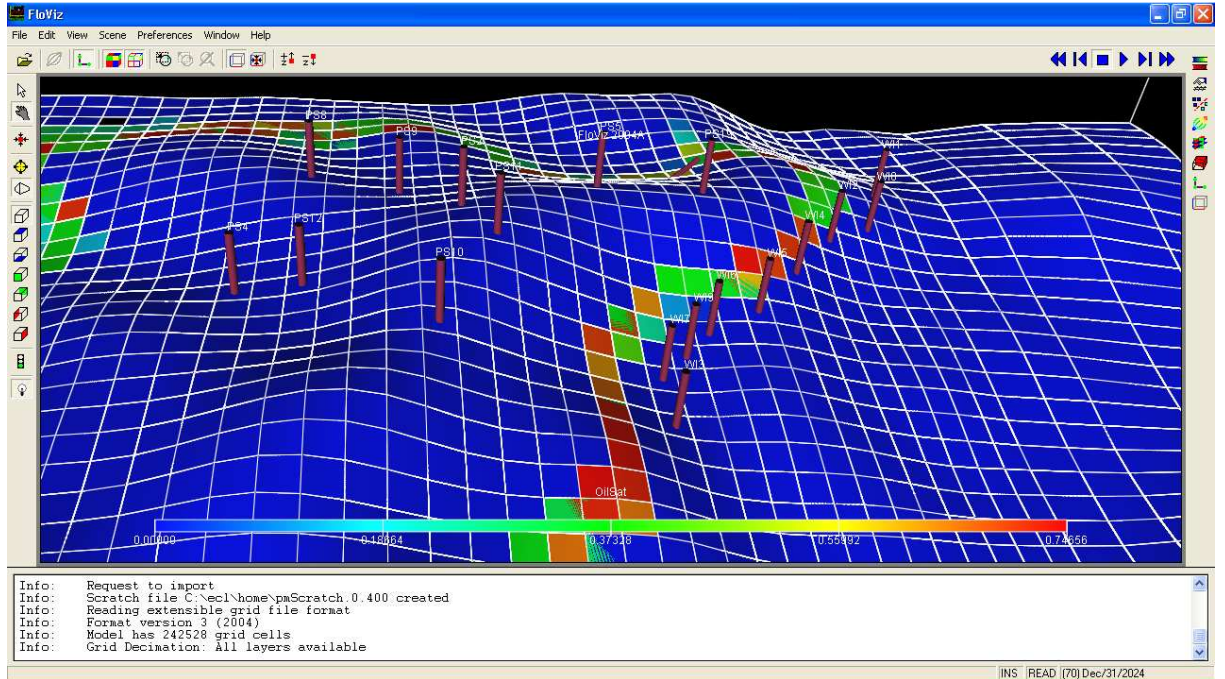


Figure D3: Grid view of the Reservoir Model

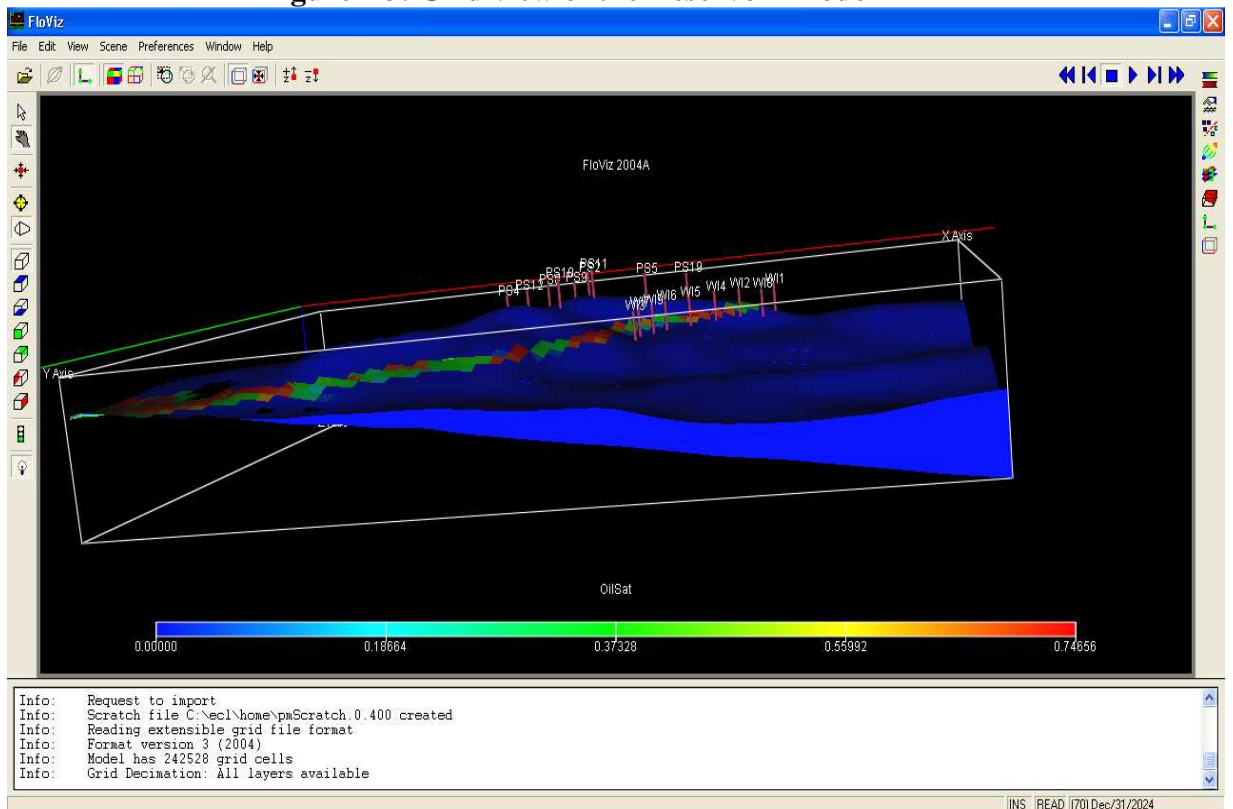


Figure D4: Side View of the Reservoir Model

APPENDIX D: 3D Views of the Simulation Work (continue)

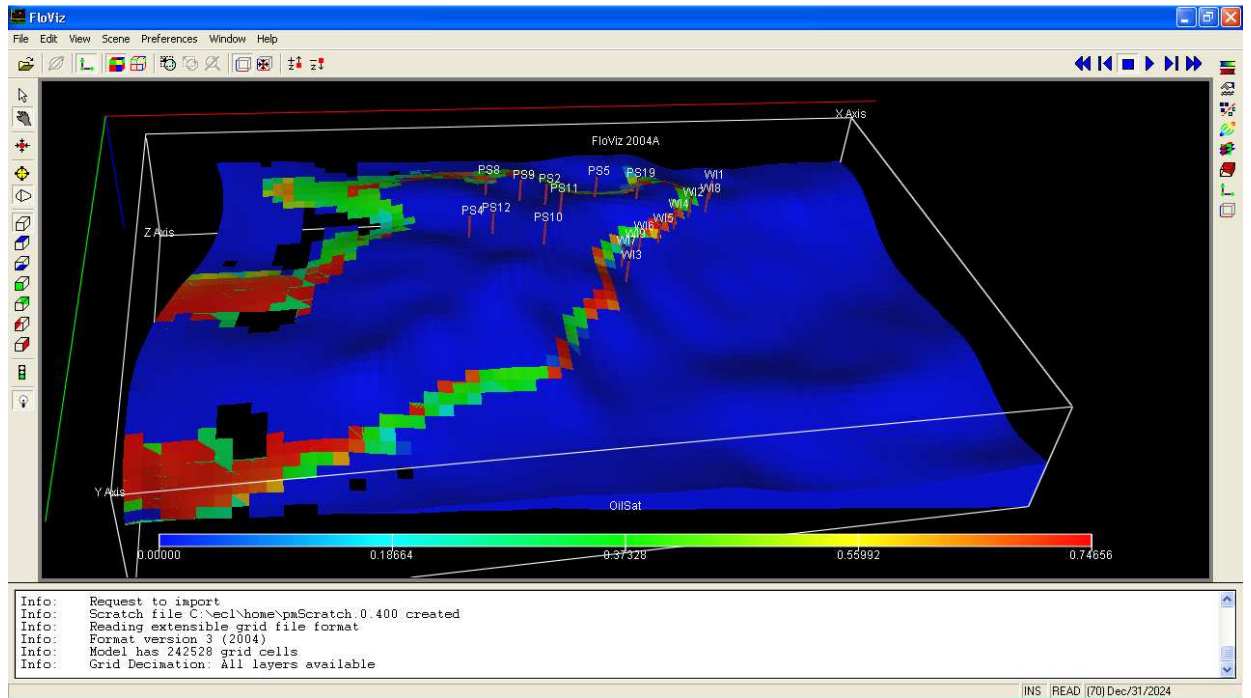


Figure D5: Top view of The Model

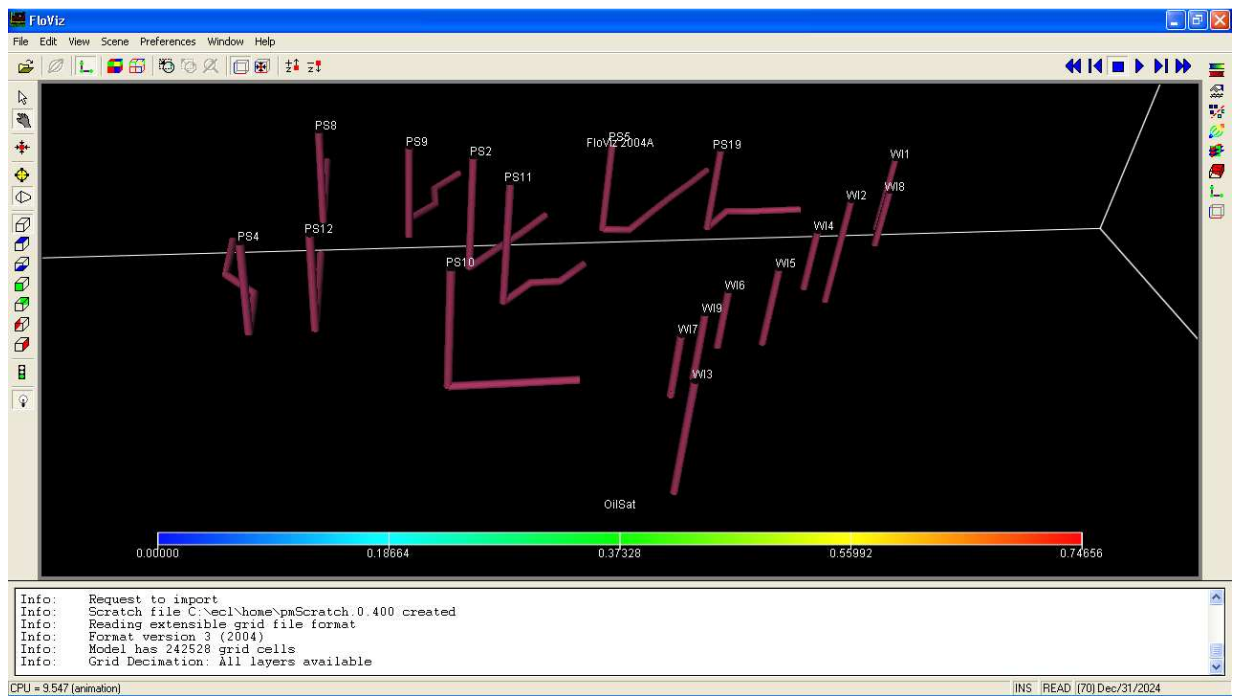


Figure D6: Wells Layout of the Model